



COMBIMASTER

230V Series

INVERTER CHARGER COMBINATION
WITH AC-IN SUPPORT



USER AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

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In case of any discrepancy in the interpretation of different language versions, the English version shall prevail.

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1 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Read the entire manual before using the CombiMaster. Keep this manual in a secure place.

1.1 Warnings and symbols

Safety instructions and warnings are marked in this manual and on the product by the following pictograms:



CAUTION!

Special information, commands and prohibitions in order to prevent damage.



WARNING!

A WARNING refers to possible injury to the user or installer or significant material damage to the CombiMaster if the installer / user does not (carefully) follow the stated procedures.

1.2 Intended purpose

Use the CombiMaster only:

- for the charging of lead acid and Lithium-Ion batteries and the supply of loads attached to these batteries, in permanent systems;
- for the conversion of a DC voltage from a battery to an AC voltage;
- connected to a dedicated double pole circuit breaker and earth leakage switch;
- with a fuse, protecting the wiring between CombiMaster and battery;
- in a technical correct condition;
- in a well-ventilated room, protected against rain, moisture, dust and condensation;
- observing the instructions in the user manual.

1.3 General

1. The appliance is not to be used by children or persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.
2. To reduce the risk of electric shock – Do not expose the CombiMaster to rain, snow, spray, moisture, excessive pollution and condensing circumstances. To reduce risk of fire hazard, do not cover or obstruct the ventilation openings. Do not install the CombiMaster in a non-ventilated room, as overheating may result.
3. Use of an accessory or spare part not recommended or sold by Mastervolt may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or personal injury.
4. The CombiMaster is designed to be permanently connected to an AC and DC electrical system. Installation of, and work on the CombiMaster, may be carried out only by qualified and trained personnel, consistent with the locally applicable standards and regulations.
5. Make sure that all wiring is properly installed, in good electrical condition, and correctly sized to match the AC ampere rating of the CombiMaster. Check the wiring on a regular base, at least once a year. Do not use the CombiMaster when the wiring is undersized or damaged.
6. Do not operate the CombiMaster if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way. Contact your Mastervolt dealer.
7. Except for the connection compartment (see chapter 4), the CombiMaster may not be opened or disassembled. There are no serviceable parts inside the case of the CombiMaster. Take it to qualified service personnel when service or repair is required. Incorrect reassembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
8. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect the CombiMaster from both AC and DC electrical system before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off controls will not reduce this risk. Be sure that third parties cannot reverse the measures taken.

9. Short circuiting or reversing polarity will lead to serious damage to batteries, CombiMaster, wiring as well as accessories. Fuses cannot prevent damage caused by reversed polarity and the warranty will be void.
10. In case of fire, you must use the fire extinguisher which is appropriate for electrical equipment.

1.4 Connections

1. DC CONNECTION PRECAUTIONS

- i. Connect and disconnect DC output connections only after setting any switches of the CombiMaster to off position and removing AC connections or opening AC disconnect switch.
 - ii. Short circuiting or reversing polarity will lead to serious damage to batteries, the CombiMaster, wiring as well as accessories. Fuses cannot prevent damage caused by reversed polarity and the warranty will be void.
 - iii. When you exceed the rated maximum DC input voltage, you may damage the CombiMaster.
2. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS – the CombiMaster must be provided with an equipment-grounding conductor to the ground terminal/stud. grounding and all other wiring must comply with local codes and ordinances.

1.5 Warnings regarding the use of batteries

1.5.1 Risk of explosive gases

1. WARNING – RISK OF EXPLOSIVE GASES. WORKING IN THE VICINITY OF A LEAD-ACID BATTERY IS DANGEROUS. BATTERIES GENERATE EXPLOSIVE GASES DURING NORMAL OPERATION. FOR THIS REASON, IT IS OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE THAT EACH TIME BEFORE USING THE COMBIMASTER, YOU READ THIS MANUAL AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS EXACTLY.
2. To reduce the risk of battery explosion, follow these instructions and those published by the battery manufacturer and manufacturer of any equipment you intend to use in the vicinity of the battery. Review cautionary marking on these products and on engine.

1.5.2 Personal precautions

1. Consider having someone close by to come to your aid when you work near a lead-acid battery.
2. Wear eye and clothing protection. Avoid touching eyes while working near battery.
3. NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in vicinity of battery or engine.
4. Do not wear watches, bracelets, necklaces or other metal objects when working on batteries.
5. Do not use the CombiMaster for charging non-rechargeable batteries that are commonly used with home appliances. These batteries may burst and cause injuries and damage.
6. NEVER charge a frozen battery.
7. Excessive battery discharge and/or high charging voltages can cause serious damage to batteries. Do not exceed the recommended limits of discharge level of your batteries.
8. If it is necessary to remove a battery, always remove grounded terminal from battery first. Make sure all accessories are off, so as not to cause an arc.
9. Never allow battery acid to drip on the CombiMaster when reading electrolyte specific gravity or filling battery.

1.6 Warning regarding life support applications

Mastervolt products are not designed to be used as component of medical equipment, unless negotiated in the form of a written agreement between customer and/or manufacturer and Mastervolt. Such agreement will require the equipment manufacturer either to contract additional reliability testing of the Mastervolt parts and/or to commit to undertake such testing as a part of the manufacturing process. Furthermore, the manufacturer must agree to indemnify and not hold Mastervolt responsible for any claims arising from the use of the Mastervolt parts in the life support equipment.

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Use of this manual

This manual serves as a guideline for the safe and effective operation and maintenance of the following CombiMaster models:

Model	Part number	Model	Part number
12V/2000VA-60A	35012000	24V/2000VA-40A	35022000
12V/3000VA-100A	35013000	24V/3000VA-60A	35023000

These models are further referred to as "CombiMaster".

2.2 Liability

Mastervolt can accept no liability for:

- Consequential damage resulting from the use of the CombiMaster.
- Possible errors in the included manual and the consequences of these.
- Use that is inconsistent with the purpose of the product.

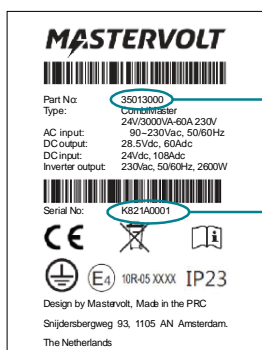
Disclaimer: Our products are subject to continual development and improvement. Therefore, additions or modifications to the products may cause changes to the technical data and functional specifications. No rights can be derived from this document. Please consult our most current Terms & Conditions of Sale.

2.3 Warranty

The Mastervolt product warranty covers the CombiMaster 230V Series for the first two years after the purchase date, on the condition that the product is installed and used according to the instructions in this manual. Installation or use that do not comply with these instructions may result in under performance, damage or failure of the product and may void this warranty. The warranty is limited to the cost of repair and/or replacement of the product. Costs of labor or shipping are not covered by this warranty.

2.4 Identification label

The following picture is only an example!



Part number

Serial number
K821A0001,
device version "A".

Important information required for service or maintenance can be derived from the identification label. The identification label is located at the right-hand side of the CombiMaster.

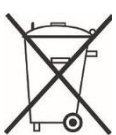


CAUTION!

Never remove the identification label.
This will void the warranty.

Figure 1: Identification label

2.5 Correct disposal of this product



This product is designed and manufactured with high quality materials and components, which can be recycled and reused. Please be informed about the local separate collection system for electrical and electronic products. Please act according to your local rules and do not dispose of your old products with your normal household waste.

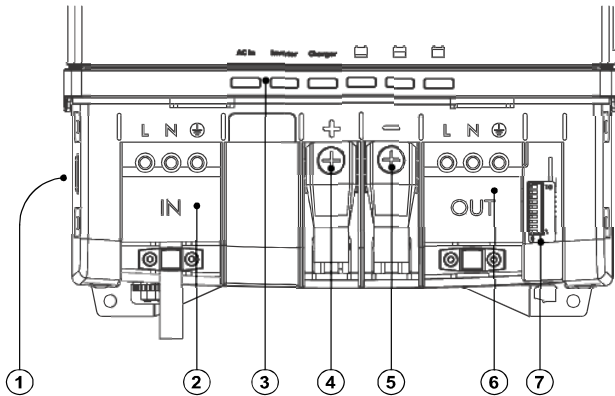
The correct disposal of your old product will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The CombiMaster is a multifunctional charger inverter. It combines an inverter, a battery charger and an AC transfer switch.

3.1 Overview of the connections

Front side with open connection compartment



Bottom side

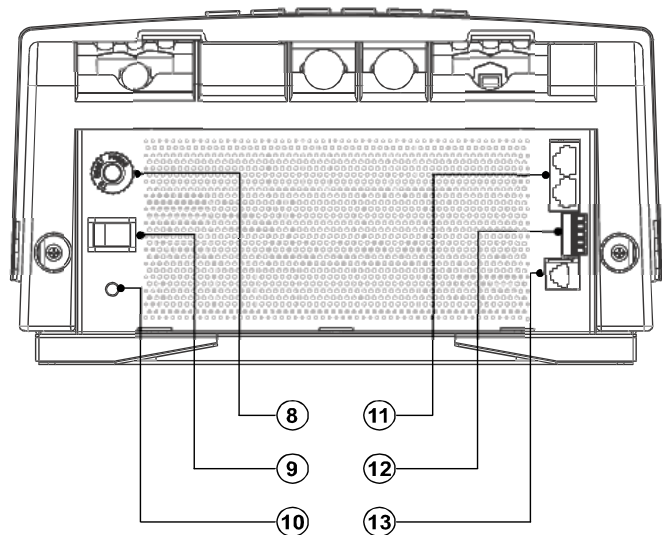
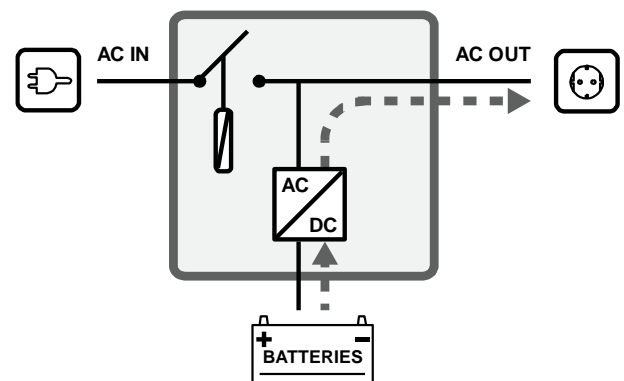


Figure 2: Connections

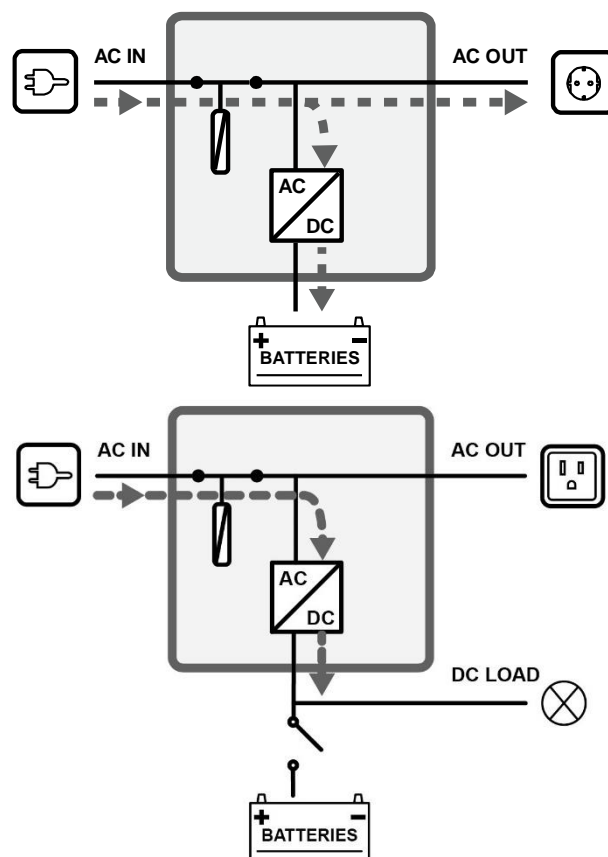
- | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Grounding system jumper | 8 | Resettable thermal fuse (30A) |
| 2 | AC input | 9 | "On/Charge only"-switch |
| 3 | Status LEDs | 10 | M6 Ground stud |
| 4 | M8 Positive battery terminal | 11 | CZone/MasterBus connection |
| 5 | M8 Negative battery terminal | 12 | Accessories connector |
| 6 | AC output | 13 | Temperature sensor connection |
| 7 | DIP switches | | |

3.2 Operating modes

- Inverter mode:** When there is no external AC power available, the inverter provides AC power on the AC output. If energy saving mode is enabled, battery power consumption will be reduced when there is no load on AC OUT. Please note that some electronic loads such as wifi routers, satellite receivers or digital clocks are most likely not to work in this mode.



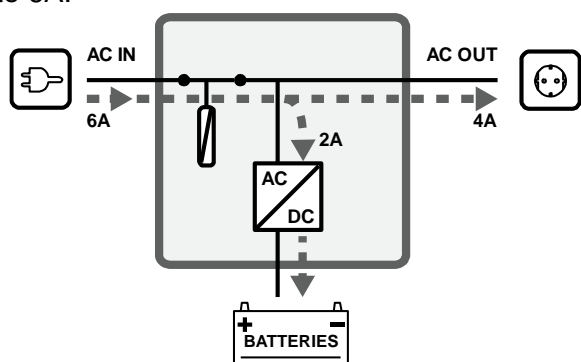
- Charger mode:** When external AC power is available on the AC input, the battery will be charged and the AC output is supplied by the external power.
- DC power supply mode:** During an installation procedure, it may be desirable to test onboard systems before connecting a battery bank. To do this, start the CombiMaster Inverter/Charger with no load connected. Wait for one minute and then connect a low power DC load. In small steps, 25A max, more loads can be switched-in sequentially. Do not exceed 50A to prevent unstable power supply.



Power sharing mode: When external AC power is limited and the load connected to the AC output increases, then the external AC fuse may trip if nothing is done. To avoid this, the CombiMaster can automatically reduce the battery charger output, and thus the AC power consumption. The Power sharing feature constantly senses the incoming AC current which is used to supply both the battery charger and the appliances connected to the AC output.

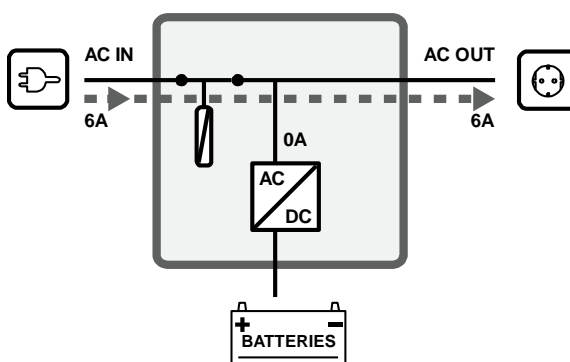
Optionally, use a display like the Touch 5 (CZone) or EasyView 5 (MasterBus), to easily set the available shore current (fuse) of each marina or camping site. The configuration setting for the Power sharing level is called *AC IN limit*.

The *AC IN Limit* should be set to match the value of the fuse of the external AC power. For example, when the external AC power is limited by a 6A fuse, then the *AC IN Limit* must also be set to 6A.



Load on AC OUT < AC IN Limit

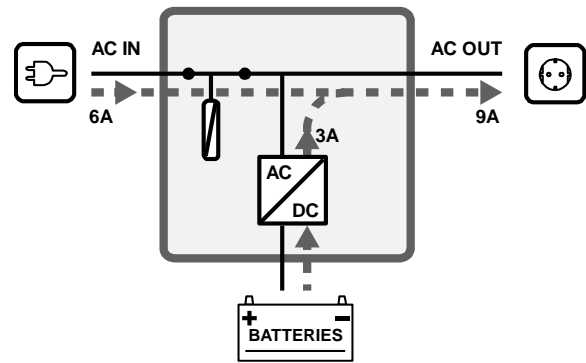
Here the AC load consumes 4A. This means that only $6 - 4 = 2A$ is left over for charging.



Load on AC OUT ≥ AC IN Limit

Here the AC load reaches the *AC IN Limit* (6A). This means that there is no power left over to charge the battery. At that moment the CombiMaster reduces its charge current to 0A.

- **AC input support mode:** If the demand for AC power still increases, the AC input circuit breaker may still trip if nothing is done. This problem can be solved by the AC IN support mode. If the total demand for power exceeds the maximum external power supply, power can be added to AC OUT by means of the inverter. This means that the inverter adds energy from the batteries, in parallel with the external power source.



CAUTION!

The continuous load connected to AC OUT should never exceed 40A. Exceeding the max allowable output current may damage the CombiMaster.

Note: Depending on national or local regulations regarding AC sources operating in parallel with the AC grid, AC IN support mode may not be allowed! Familiarize yourself with local regulations on this issue. AC power from the inverter will never be fed back into the AC grid.

See chapter 5 on page 18 for the required settings.

3.3 Protection

- **Overload or short circuit:** while in the inverter mode, the CombiMaster will shut down after 5 seconds of 200% overload or after 10 seconds 150%.
- **Transfer switch overload:** the transfer switch of the CombiMaster is protected against overload. When the current through the transfer switch of the CombiMaster is too high, the thermal fuse (item 8 on page 6) will disconnect the AC input.
- **High temperature:** if the temperature of the CombiMaster is too high, the inverter shuts down or the charger will reduce power. This will trigger the status LEDs and optionally a remote alarm. High temperature is most likely caused by heavy loads operating for a longer period, high ambient temperature or disrupted air flow (dust or too little space).
When the temperature returns to the normal operating range, the inverter powers up automatically or the charger resumes its charge current.
- **Battery low/high:** the CombiMaster warns for low or high battery voltages by triggering status LEDs and CZone/MasterBus alarms.



CAUTION!

The CombiMaster is not protected against:

- reversed polarity;
- over voltage on the AC input;
- continuous overload on the AC output.

Make sure AC input never exceeds 280V_{AC} and the continuous load connected to AC OUT never exceeds 40A.

See section 6.2 on page 25 for an overview of the status LED. See chapter 5 on page 18 for the required settings.

4 INSTALLATION

4.1 Unpacking

The delivery includes:

- CombiMaster
- 1x Temperature sensor with cable and plug
- 1x MasterBus terminator
- 1x RJ45-M12 CZone drop cable (1m)
- Mounting bracket
- User and installation manual

After unpacking, check the contents for possible damage. Do not use the product if it is damaged. If in doubt, contact your supplier.

Check from the identification label (see section 2.4) whether the battery voltage is the same as the nominal output voltage of the CombiMaster (e.g. 24V battery set for a 24V battery inverter/charger).

Also check that the AC output voltage and output power of the CombiMaster complies with your system and loads.

4.2 Location

- The CombiMaster is designed for indoor use only.
- Ambient temperature: -25°C to 60°C, power derating above 40°C.
- Humidity: 5-95% non-condensing
- Surface wall mount (vertically, IP 23) or tabletop (horizontally, IP 21)
- Do not expose the CombiMaster to excessive dust, aggressive environments, ammonia or salt.
- Do not operate the CombiMaster in a closed-in area or restrict ventilation in any way.
- The CombiMaster requires a minimum of 10cm/4" of clearance on every side to ensure safety and proper ventilation.
- If the CombiMaster is installed in the immediate vicinity of living areas, consider that the fan of the CombiMaster can produce noise when operating.
- Although the CombiMaster fully complies with all applicable EMC limits, it may still cause harmful interference to radio communication equipment. If such interference appears, it is recommended to increase the separation between the CombiMaster and the equipment, to relocate the receiving antenna or to connect the equipment to a circuit different from that to which the CombiMaster is connected.
- Never place the CombiMaster directly above the battery being charged, as gases from battery will corrode and damage the CombiMaster. This restriction does not apply to Li-ion batteries.

4.3 Batteries

Model	Recommended battery capacity
12V/2000VA-60A	120 – 600 Ah
24V/2000VA-40A	80 – 400 Ah
12V/3000VA-100A	200 – 1000 Ah
24V/3000VA-60A	120 – 600 Ah

Minimum based on Mastervolt Gel batteries. If connecting batteries of a different manufacturer make sure the manufacturer's recommendations are met.

4.4 Connection example

Note: This schematic illustrates the general placement of the CombiMaster in a circuit. It is not meant to provide detailed wiring instructions for any particular electrical installation.

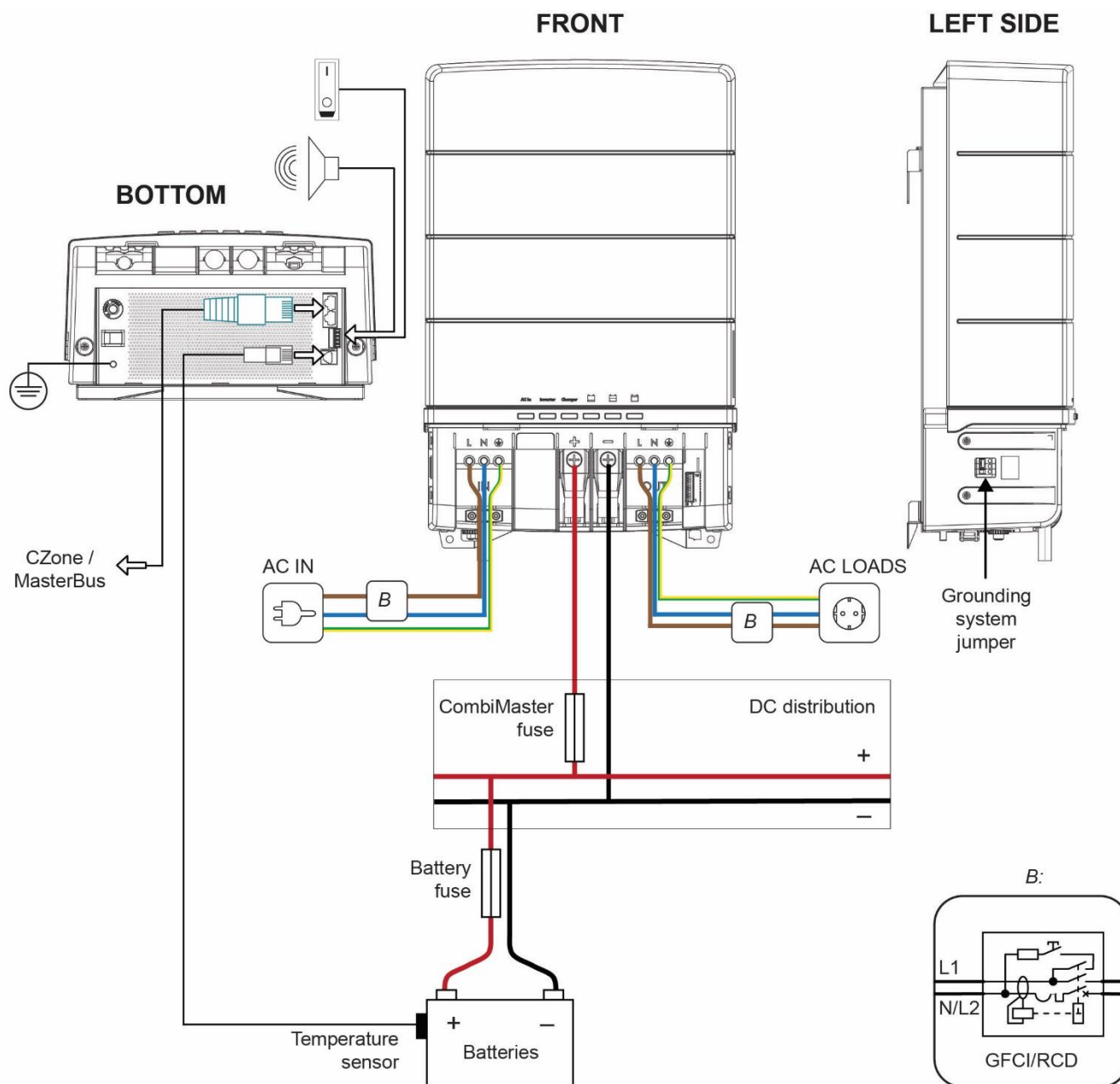


Figure 3: Installation drawing CombiMaster

4.5 Wiring



WARNING!

The wire sizes stated in this manual are given as guideline only. Fusing is based on the size and length of the cable, which in turn depend on the load connected to the CombiMaster. Always comply with all local rules and regulations.



WARNING!

Turn off the DC and AC power source during installation. Powered wires can spark when touching the CombiMaster DC or AC terminals.

4.5.1 DC wiring

Always keep your wire runs as short as practical to prevent low voltage shutdowns and to keep the DC breaker from nuisance tripping (or open fuses) because of increased current draw.

Model	DC cable cross section		Inline fuse
	<3m / 10ft	3-5m / 10-16ft	
12V/2000VA-60A	70mm ² / 2/0AWG	95mm ² / 3/0AWG	200A
12V/3000VA-100A	95mm ² / 3/0AWG	120mm ² / 4/0AWG	300A
24V/2000VA-40A	35mm ² / 2AWG	50mm ² / 1AWG	100A
24V/3000VA-60A	50mm ² / 1AWG	70mm ² / 2/0AWG	150A

Use M8 cable lugs on the ends of the wires. These lugs should be crimped with a proper crimping tool. Recommended wire colors (refer to local rules):

Wire color	Meaning	Connect to:	Run the cables next to each other to limit the electro-magnetic field around the cables. The negative cable should be connected directly to the negative post of the battery bank or the ground side of a current shunt. Do not
Red	Positive	+ (POS)	
Black	Negative	– (NEG)	

use the chassis frame as the negative conductor. Tighten securely.

The positive cable must be fused and connected to the positive post of the battery bank. Use a fuse that matches the applied wire size and is rated at 125 to 150% of the full load current. The fuse with fuse-holder is available from your local Mastervolt dealer.

4.5.2 AC wiring



WARNING!

The ground wire offers protection only if the case of the CombiMaster is connected to the safety ground. Connect the ground terminal (PE / GND) to the hull or the chassis.



CAUTION!

According to local regulations an RCD/Breaker (also known as GFCI) must be placed in the AC input *and* output circuit of the CombiMaster.

For a safe installation the correct wire cross section must be applied. Don't use a cross section that is smaller than indicated. When cables are longer than 3m, the size should be increased (one size over) to compensate for cable losses. Recommended cross section for the AC wiring:

AC Current	Minimum cross section
0-20 A	2.5 mm ²
20-32 A	4 mm ²

Recommended wire colors (refer to local rules):

Wire color	Meaning	Must be connected to
Brown	Phase	L
Blue	Neutral	N
Green/Yellow	Ground	

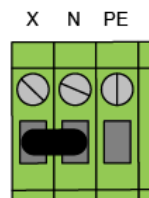
4.5.3 AC Safety grounding



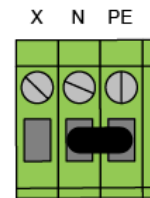
WARNING!

For safety reasons Residual Current Devices (RCDs), also known as Breakers or Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCIs), of 30mA must be integrated in the AC input and AC output of the CombiMaster. Refer to locally applicable regulations regarding grounding of autonomous power systems.

If an RCD or GFCI is used, place the grounding system jumper (located on the left side of the CombiMaster) on N and PE.



Default setting



Combined PEN

4.5.4 Network wiring (CZone/MasterBus)

The CombiMaster can be connected to a CZone or to a MasterBus network. For CZone, use an RJ45 CZone drop cable to connect to the CZone backbone. For MasterBus, use a MasterBus cable and daisy chain the CombiMaster to the other devices. Both networks need a terminating device on both ends of the network. Do not make ring networks. For more details on networks, please contact your Mastervolt dealer.

• CZone network

Points to consider:

- Up to 40 devices can be connected together on a single backbone.
- Make sure the CZone network has two terminating resistors, one at each open end of the backbone.
- The electric power for the network comes from a battery or power supply. Make sure that it delivers enough power and is positioned as close to the middle of the backbone as possible to reduce voltage drop.
- Each device on the CZone network has a unique CZone address; the Dipswitch. This number is usually assigned automatically during configuration and must match the DIP switch settings on the CombiMaster. This is done in the CZone Configuration Tool.

• MasterBus network

Use an RJ45 MasterBus cable (not included) and daisy chain the CombiMaster to the other MasterBus devices, forming a local data network. Points to consider:

- Connections between the devices are made by standard MasterBus cables (straight UTP). Mastervolt can supply these cables.
- Up to 63 MasterBus devices can be connected together.
- MasterBus needs a terminating device on both ends of the network.
- The electric power for the network comes from the connected devices according to the rule: 1 powering / 3 non-powering. Spread the powering devices over the network
- Do not make ring networks.
- Do not make T-connections in the network.



CAUTION!

Never connect a non-MasterBus device to the MasterBus network directly! This will void warranty of all MasterBus devices connected.

For more details on networks, please contact your Mastervolt dealer.

4.6 Tools and materials needed

Make sure you have all the materials you need to install a CombiMaster:

- CombiMaster (included).
- Battery temperature sensor with cable and plug (included).
- For CZone setup, an RJ45-M12 CZone drop cable (included) and a tee connector (not included).
- For MasterBus setup, an RJ45 MasterBus cable (not included).
- DC cables to connect the CombiMaster to the batteries and common negative. See section 4.5.1 for specifications.
- DC fuse holder with a DC fuse, to be integrated in the positive DC cable.
- Screws/bolts (Ø 6mm / ¼") with plugs to mount the CombiMaster to a surface. Use mounting materials which are suited to carry the weight of the CombiMaster.
- AC cable to connect the AC input to an AC power source. See section 4.5.2 for specifications.
- Batteries. See section 4.3 for specifications.
- Appropriate and reliable cable terminals, cable lugs, battery terminals and cord end terminals.

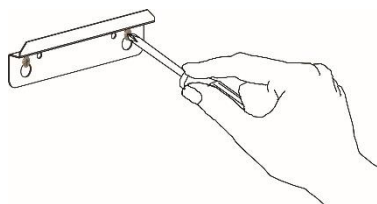
We recommend as a minimum tool kit:

- Socket wrench to fix the main DC cables (M8).
- Socket wrench to fix the Safety ground connection (M6).
- Flat blade screwdriver to fix the screw terminals of the AC wiring.
- Tools to fix the screws / bolts (Ø 6mm / ¼") with plugs to mount the CombiMaster to a surface.
- Philips screwdriver number 2 to open the connection compartment.

4.7 Installation step-by-step

Step 1. Turn off the electrical power.

Step 2. On a solid surface, mark the holes for the mounting bracket and secure the mounting bracket to the surface.



Wall mounted



Tabletop mounted

Note: Make sure that the mounting surface and material can support the weight of the CombiMaster.

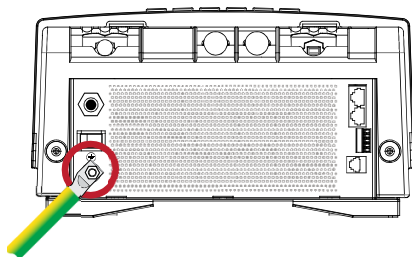
Step 3. Place the CombiMaster over the mounting bracket and then downwards until it snaps into place.



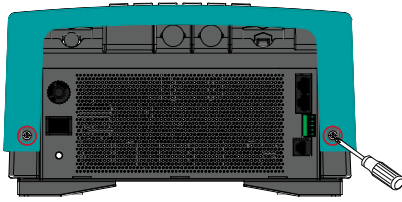
Step 4. Attach the CombiMaster to the surface by tightening two screws at the lower side of the case as well.



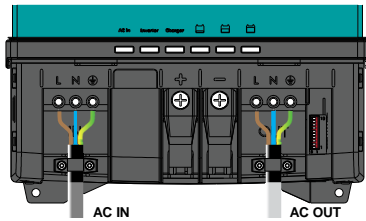
Step 5. Connect the M6 grounding lug to the central grounding point.



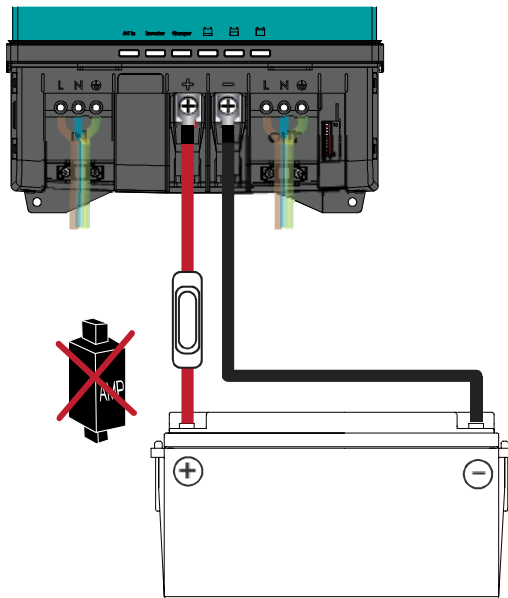
Step 6. Open the connection compartment by loosening the two screws at the bottom and then lifting the front cover plate.



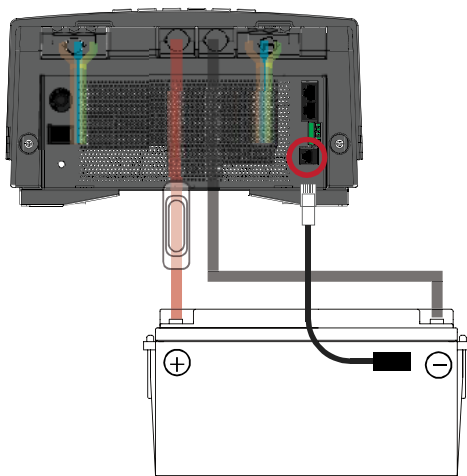
Step 7. Connect the AC wiring to the screw terminals. Tighten the cables with a strain relief.



Step 8. Integrate a fuse holder in the positive battery wire but do not place the fuse yet!
Fit crimp-on cable lugs (M8) to the DC cables.
Connect the DC cabling of the battery bank: positive to +, negative to – .



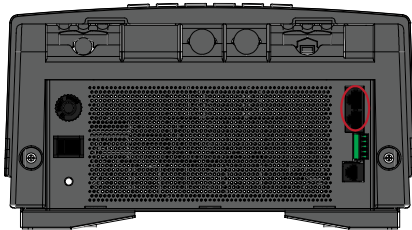
Step 9. Attach the battery temperature sensor to the casing of the battery bank. Then plug the temperature sensor cable into the “temp.sensor” jack.



Note: Lithium-ion batteries require no temperature sensor.

Step 10. On the left side of the CombiMaster check the jumper selecting the grounding system.
See section 4.5.3 on page 12.

Step 11.Option: Connect the CombiMaster to the CZone or MasterBus network. See section 4.5.4 on page 12 for more information on system integration.



Adding the CombiMaster to a CZone network

- 1 Disconnect the backbone at the closest backbone connection and add in a tee connector.
- 2 Reconnect the backbone connection(s) with the new tee connector in place.
- 3 Connect the RJ45 CZone drop cable to the black coupler on the tee and then connect to the CombiMaster.

** On the inverter side, plug the connectors into either of the communication ports.*

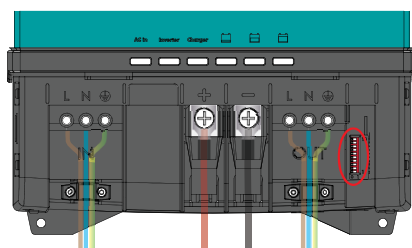


Adding the CombiMaster to a MasterBus network

- 1 Disconnect a MasterBus cable or Terminator from the closest MasterBus device and connect it to the CombiMaster.
- 2 Connect the new MasterBus cable to the other MasterBus device and then connect to the CombiMaster.

Ensure that the network is properly terminated.

Step 12.Option: use a small screw driver to change DIP switch settings. See section 5.1 on page 18.



Note: if added to a CZone network, the DIP switches are used to set the CZone address.

Step 13.Option: connect external alarm or remote switch input. See section 4.8.

Step 14.Set the desired output voltage and other configuration settings using a remote control panel or the DIP switches. See chapter 5.

Step 15.Check all wiring. If all wiring is OK: open the safety switch (if available) and place the inverter fuse.



WARNING!








When the fuse is placed, internal capacitors may cause a spark. This is normal.

Step 16.Close the connection compartment and fix the screws at the bottom.

Step 17.Close the safety switch (if available) and switch on the CombiMaster.

4.8 Accessories connector (dry contacts)

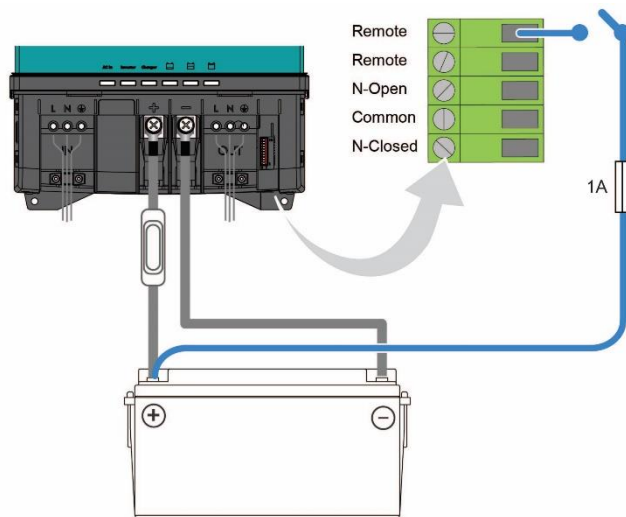
The screw terminal at the bottom side of the CombiMaster, offers the following contacts:

Remote			Remote switch input
Remote			
N-Open			Alarm output
Common			
N-Closed			

4.8.1 Remote switch

By default, the upper two contacts (Remote) of the accessories connector are connected by a jumper to close the circuit. If desired, remove the jumper and use these contacts to connect a remote switch that mimics the "On/Charge only"-switch.

- Either use the Remote contact to use the ignition lock and completely disable the "On/Charge only"-switch.



Connect the upper contact to the ignition lock (+Bat).



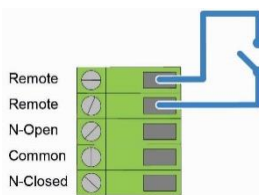
CAUTION!

To avoid short circuiting and damage to the CombiMaster, connect the remote input to +Bat only.

Connect a 1A fuse on the remote input.

Note: this way, the inverter can no longer be switched on or off by the "On/Charge only"-switch that is located on the bottom of the CombiMaster!

- Or use both contacts to connect an external switch.



In this case, the CombiMaster's "On/Charge only"-switch must be in the on position (I). External switch closed = On, external switch open = Charge only.

4.8.2 Alarm output

The lower three contacts of the accessories connector can be used to control external equipment, like an alarm or light, to indicate the occurrence of a CombiMaster alarm. The alarm outputs support *Normally Closed* and *Normally Open* systems and is either alarm triggered, or power level triggered.

Trigger	Condition	Contact state
Alarm	A fault is detected	N-Open and Common connected (CombiMaster off)
	No fault is detected	N-Closed and Common connected
Power level	Inverter power < power level setting	N-Open and Common connected (CombiMaster off)
	Inverter power > power level setting	N-Closed and Common connected

See also section 5.2.4 for the dry contact alarm function in the configuration settings.

Max load: 250VAC, 30VDC, 3A.

5 SETTINGS

Adjustment of the settings of the CombiMaster can be made in two different ways:

- By means of DIP switches.
- From a laptop connected to the CombiMaster via a Mastervolt USB Interface (product code 77030100). Some settings, like the AC IN Limit setting for example, can only be changed in this way.

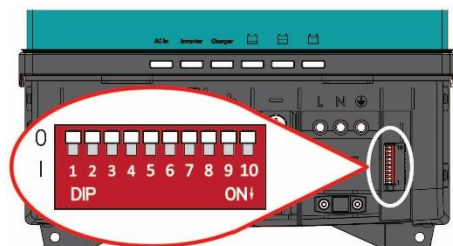


CAUTION!

Invalid settings of the CombiMaster can cause serious damage to your batteries and/or the connected load! Adjustment of settings must be carried out by authorized personnel only.

5.1 DIP switch settings

Use a small screwdriver to carefully set the required settings.



DIP switch 1 = CZone network (0) or MasterBus network (1).

DIP switch 2 = MasterBus powering off (0) or on (1)

DIP switches 3 to 10 are either used as CZone address or for MasterBus battery and 3rd output settings.

Figure 4: DIP switches (factory settings)

In a CZone network:

DIP switch 1 must always be set to the OFF position (0).

DIP switch 2 must always be set to the OFF position (0).

DIP switches 3 to 10 must match the unique address used in the CZone network (see the CZone Configuration Tool Instructions manual). At least one of the DIP switches from 3 to 10 must be in the ON position.

In a MasterBus network:

DIP switch 1 must always be set to the ON position (1).

DIP switch 2 is MasterBus Powering ON (1) or OFF (0). By default, this is OFF.

DIP switches 3 to 5 are used for battery type selection:

	DIP switch	3	4	5
Configurable via MasterAdjust (Flooded) ¹		0	0	0
Flooded (fixed)		0	0	1
AGM (fixed)		0	1	0
Gel (fixed)		0	1	1
Li-Ion (MLI) (fixed)		1	0	0
Constant voltage (13,25V) ²		1	1	1

¹ If all three DIP switches are in the OFF position (0), the settings suit a Flooded battery but can be changed in MasterAdjust.

² Constant voltage has no temperature compensation.

The following table lists the settings for DIP switches 6 to 9. DIP switch 10 has no MasterBus function.

	DIP switch	6	7	8	9
Inverter frequency 50Hz		0			
Inverter frequency 60Hz		1			
AC input support mode off		0			
AC input support mode on		1			
AC voltage input window wide		0			
AC voltage input window narrow		1			
Energy saving mode off				0	
Energy saving mode on				1	

5.2 MasterBus configuration

MasterBus is a CAN based data network for communication between Mastervolt devices. When the CombiMaster is connected, open MasterAdjust on a Windows laptop or notebook connected to the MasterBus network via a Mastervolt USB interface. MasterAdjust software is available as free to download software on the Mastervolt website: www.mastervolt.com. The CombiMaster will be recognized by the MasterBus network automatically.

5.2.1 Monitoring

A display, like the SmartRemote, Touch 5 (CZone) or EasyView 5 (MasterBus), can be used to monitor the CombiMaster. See applicable user manuals for details. The following table lists the parameters as shown in MasterAdjust.

Menu	Description	Default	Adjustable range
General			
Device state	The operation mode: Standby, Charging, Inverting, Supporting, Alarm		(read only)
AC IN Limit	Fuse setting of the AC input	30A	0-30A
Inverter button	Button to switch off/on the inverter	On	On, Off
Charger button	Button to switch off/on the charger	On	On, Off
DC IN/OUT			
Charger state	Charger state: Off, Bulk, Absorption, Float		(read only)
Voltage	Battery voltage		(read only)
Current	Battery current (minus is discharging)		(read only)
Temperature	Battery temperature (if not connected: ---)		(read only)
AC IN			
Input Voltage	AC input voltage		(read only)
Input Current	AC input current		(read only)
Input Frequency	AC input frequency		(read only)
AC OUT			
Output Voltage	AC output voltage		(read only)
Output Power	AC output power		(read only)
Output Frequency	AC output frequency		(read only)
Installer			
Dry contact*	Status alarm contact		(read only)

* Parameters marked with a * are not available in CZone.



5.2.2 Alarms



The following table lists the available alarms.

Menu	Description
Temperature high	Internal temperature of the CombiMaster is too high.
Fan error	An error has been detected in the fan.
DC high voltage	Battery voltage is too high.
DC low voltage	Battery voltage is too low.
Overload	The loads exceed the nominal inverter power
Device error	Internal CombiMaster error.
AC IN error	AC input voltage or frequency out of range

5.2.3 History

The following parameters are only shown in MasterAdjust.

Menu	Description
Inverter runtime 	Inverter mode operation hours
Charger runtime 	Charger mode operation hours





 Parameters marked with a  are not available in CZone.

5.2.4 Configuration Settings

The configuration can be done in MasterAdjust, from a laptop or notebook connected to the CombiMaster via a Mastervolt USB Interface. See applicable user manuals for details. The following table lists the parameters as shown in MasterAdjust.

Notes: - DIP switch settings overrule MasterBus settings. If DIP switches are not in their default setting, the corresponding MasterBus setting is grayed out.

- To be able to make changes to the configuration via MasterBus, DIP switch 1 must be in the ON position.
- Bulk, absorption and float settings are read only, unless battery type "user defined" is selected.

Value	Meaning	Default	Adjustable Range
Device			
Language 	Menu language of this device	English	English, Nederlands
Name	Name of this device. This name will be recognized by all devices connected to the MasterBus network	CombiMaster	0-12 chars
Device type	The CombiMaster model		(read only)
Lock config. 	Option to lock the configuration (installer level)	Off	On, Off
Factory reset button 	Button to restore the configuration's default values	Off	On, Off
Inverter			
Energy save mode	Option to enable Energy Save Mode. Power consumption will be reduced when there is no load on AC OUT. Please note that small loads, such as the clock on a microwave oven, are most likely not to work in this mode.	Off	On, Off
Frequency	Inverter frequency	50Hz	50, 60Hz
DC Low on 	Voltage level at which the inverter switches on (DC Low off alarm)	11.5 / 23.0V	10.7-12.5 / 21.4-25.0V
DC Low off	Voltage level at which the inverter switches off	10.2 / 20.4V	10.2-12.0 / 20.4-24.0V
Charger			
Max charge cur.	Maximum charging current	Model dependent	0-model dependent
Battery type	Select the battery type	Flooded	User defined, AGM, Gel, Flooded, Li-Ion (MLI), Constant voltage

Value	Meaning	Default	Adjustable Range
Constant voltage	Select the Constant output voltage	13.25V/26.5V	12-15 / 24-30V
Bulk			
Voltage	Maximum Bulk voltage	14.4 / 28.8V	12-15 / 24-30V
Minimum time	Minimum time that the charger stays in bulk phase	2 min	0-600 min
Maximum time	Maximum time the bulk phase lasts before the charger transitions to absorption	480 min	0-600 min
Start bulk time	Voltage level at which to start the bulk timer	13.25 / 26.50V	12-15 / 24-30V
Absorption			
Voltage	Absorption voltage	14.25 / 28.50V	12-15 / 24-30V
Minimum time	Minimum time that the charger stays in absorption phase	15 min	0-600 min
Maximum time	Maximum time that the charger stays in absorption phase	240 min	0-600 min
Return Amps	Return amps (% of maximum charge current)	6%	0-100%
Float			
Voltage	Float voltage	13.25 / 26.50V	12-15 / 24-30V
Return to Bulk s	Delay time before the charger returns to Bulk after reaching the Return to Bulk voltage	30 s	0-600sec
Return to Bulk V	Bulk return voltage. If the battery voltage has dropped below this voltage, the charger will return to bulk phase	12.80 / 25.60V	12-15 / 24-30V
AC IN			
AC IN support	Option to enable AC input support mode	Off	On, Off
Max AC IN limit*	Maximum value for the "AC IN Limit" option on the monitoring tab	30A	0-30A
Voltage range	AC voltage input window	Wide	Wide, narrow
AC IN limits*			
AC IN Limit A*	Fuse pre-setting A	6A	0-30A
AC IN Limit B*	Fuse pre-setting B	10A	0-30A
AC IN Limit C*	Fuse pre-setting C	16A	0-30A
Dry contact (installer level)			
Function	Select dry contact alarm function	Alarm	Alarm, Power level
Power Level	Inverter output power level	60%	0-100%
Delay on	Delay on	5s	0-300 seconds
Delay off	Delay off	5s	0-300 seconds
DIP Switches			
1234567890*	Position of the DIP switches	0	(read only)

* Parameters marked with a * are not available in CZone.

5.2.5 Events – System automation

A CZone/MasterBus device can be programmed to initiate an action at another connected device. This is very helpful in automation of your system but is not required. In MasterBus this is done by means of event-based commands. In the Events tab you can program the CombiMaster to act as an event source. Events which occur during the operation of the CombiMaster will then trigger actions from other products. The following tables list the parameters as shown in MasterAdjust.

Field	Meaning	Value
Event x source	Select an event that triggers an action, for example Battery pre low.	See <i>Event source</i> list
Event x target	Select the device that should take action, for example the generator	System dependent
Event x command	Select the parameter that must be changed on the target device, for example Activate.	See command list of the selected device
Event x data	Data, for example On, is linked to the command.	Off, On, Copy, Copy Invert, Toggle

Table 1: MasterBus event parameters

The CombiMaster can be configured as an *event source*. An event source can be used to initiate an *event command* and an *event action* by another device that is connected to the MasterBus.

Event source	Description
Inverting	The CombiMaster is in Inverter mode
Charging	The CombiMaster is in Charger mode
Supporting	The CombiMaster is in Supporting mode
Overload	The loads exceed the nominal inverter power
DC low voltage	The main battery voltage has dropped below the Low bat value
Alarm	A CombiMaster alarm has been triggered
AC IN present	AC input is present
Bulk	Charge phase Bulk
Absorption	Charge phase Absorption
Float	Charge phase Float
AC IN Limit A	AC input is set to 6A
AC IN Limit B	AC input is set to 10A
AC IN Limit C	AC input is set to 16A

Table 2: CombiMaster 230V Series MasterBus Event sources

When the CombiMaster is configured as an *event target* by another device, this device can initiate an *event command* and an *event action* to be performed by the CombiMaster.

Event command	Description
Inverter	Change the CombiMaster inverter state
Charger	Change the CombiMaster charger state
AC limit A	Fuse setting of the AC input is set to 6A (adjustable)
AC limit B	Fuse setting of the AC input is set to 10A (adjustable)
AC limit C	Fuse setting of the AC input is set to 16A (adjustable)
Bulk	Changes to charge phase Bulk
Absorption	Changes to charge phase Absorption
Float	Changes to charge phase Float

Table 3: CombiMaster 230V Series MasterBus Event commands

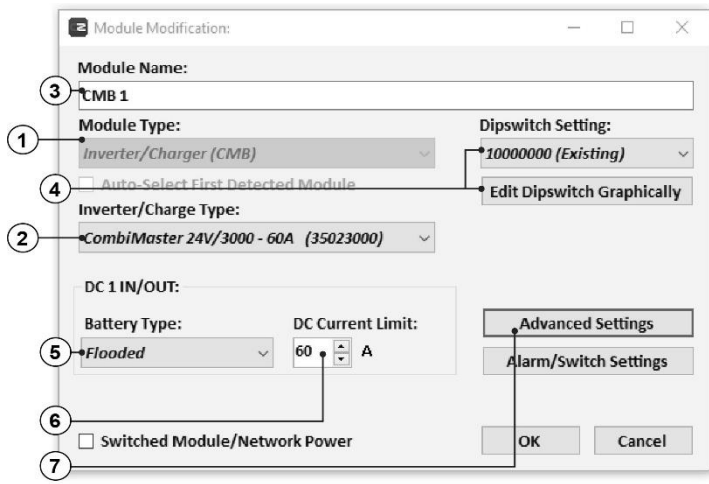
5.3 CZone configuration

The CZone® network is an NMEA 2000-compliant CAN-based system. Open the CZone Configuration Tool on a Windows laptop or notebook connected to the CZone network. Either do the configuration while connected to the network or use a prepared configuration file (.zcf).

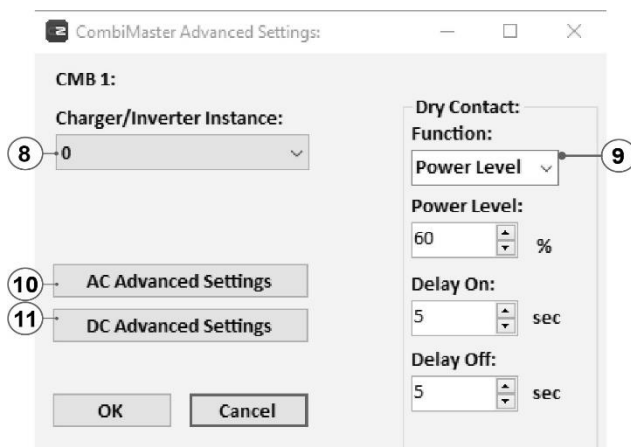
Adding the CombiMaster 230V Series to a CZone system configuration

Precondition: This section assumes that a CZone system is already configured and the CZone Configuration Tool is open.

In the CZone Configuration Tool, from the Modules tab, press the **Add** button.



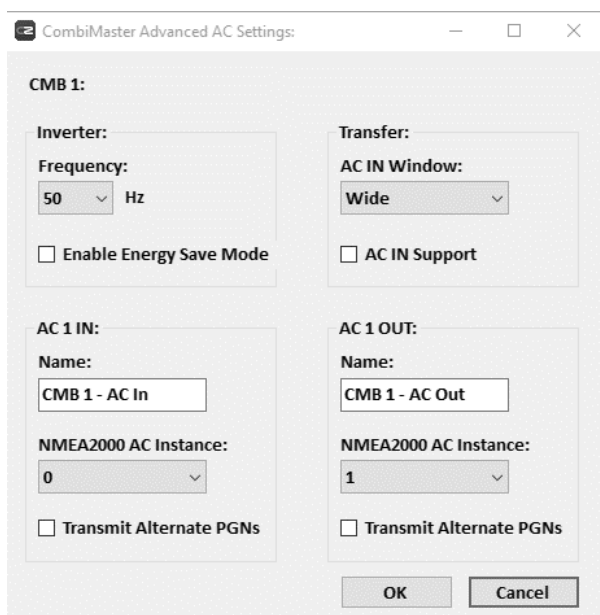
1. From the **Module Type** drop-down list select **Inverter/Charge**.
2. From the **Inverter/Charge Type** drop-down list select the required model and continue with the following steps.
3. Enter an understandable **Module Name**.
4. Each device on a CZone network has a unique CZone address; the **Dipswitch**. This number must match the physical DIP switch settings. When connected to the system: either select one from the drop-down list or edit graphically.
5. Select the **Battery Type**.
6. Enter the **DC Current Limit**.
7. Options:
 - Press OK to save the settings and exit.
 - Press **Alarm/Switch Settings** and continue with step 16.
 - Press the **Advanced Settings** button and continue with the next step to configure advanced options.



8. NMEA2000 **Instances** are used to differentiate between multiple monitoring sources.
9. From the **Function** drop-down list, select the required Dry Contact alarm function:
 - Power level (inverter output power level);
 - Alarm (has no additional settings).
10. Option: press **AC Advanced Settings** and go to step 12.
11. Option: press **DC Advanced Settings** and go to step 14.

Or press OK to save the settings and return to the Module Modification window.

12. Check and adjust the AC settings.



CombiMaster Advanced AC Settings:

CMB 1:

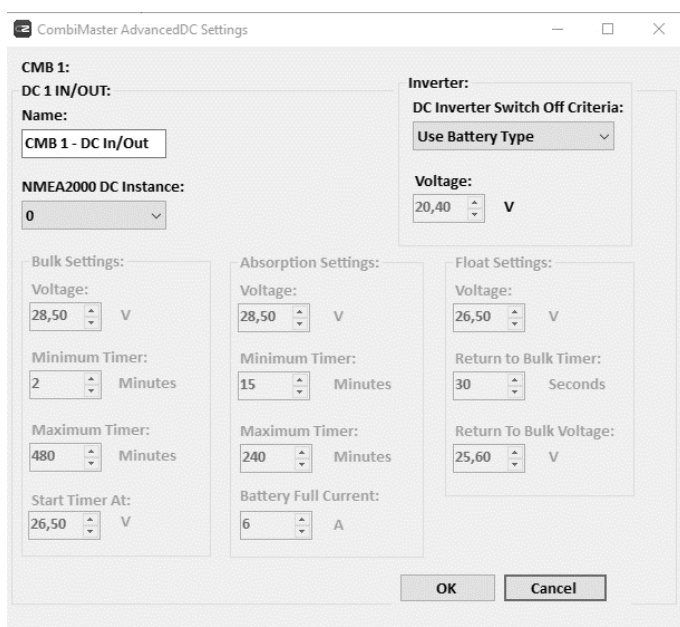
Inverter:
 Frequency: 50 Hz
☐ Enable Energy Save Mode

Transfer:
 AC IN Window: Wide
☐ AC IN Support

AC 1 IN:
 Name: CMB 1 - AC In
 NMEA2000 AC Instance: 0
☐ Transmit Alternate PGNs

AC 1 OUT:
 Name: CMB 1 - AC Out
 NMEA2000 AC Instance: 1
☐ Transmit Alternate PGNs

OK Cancel



CombiMaster AdvancedDC Settings:

CMB 1:
 DC 1 IN/OUT:
 Name: CMB 1 - DC In/Out
 NMEA2000 DC Instance: 0

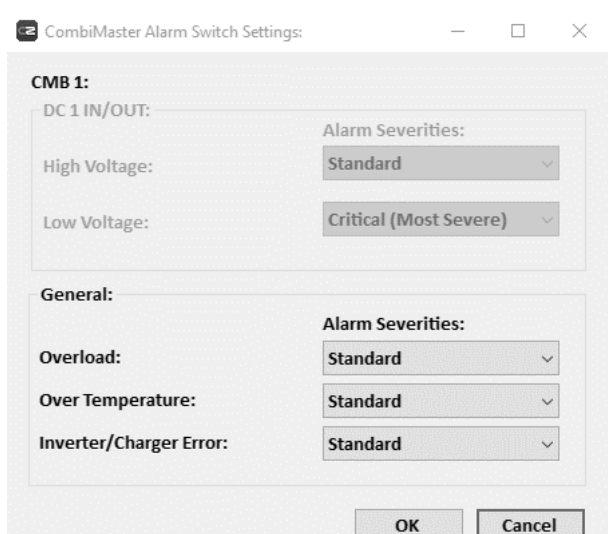
Inverter:
 DC Inverter Switch Off Criteria: Use Battery Type
 Voltage: 20,40 V

Bulk Settings:
 Voltage: 28,50 V
 Minimum Timer: 2 Minutes
 Maximum Timer: 480 Minutes
 Start Timer At: 26,50 V

Absorption Settings:
 Voltage: 28,50 V
 Minimum Timer: 15 Minutes
 Maximum Timer: 240 Minutes
 Battery Full Current: 6 A

Float Settings:
 Voltage: 26,50 V
 Return to Bulk Timer: 30 Seconds
 Return To Bulk Voltage: 25,60 V

OK Cancel



CombiMaster Alarm Switch Settings:

CMB 1:
 DC 1 IN/OUT:
 High Voltage: Standard
 Low Voltage: Critical (Most Severe)

General:
 Overload: Standard
 Over Temperature: Standard
 Inverter/Charger Error: Standard

OK Cancel

In Energy Save Mode the power consumption will be reduced when there is no load on AC OUT. Please note that small loads, such as the clock on a microwave oven, are most likely not to work in this mode.

See section 3.2 for a description of AC IN Support.

For a description of instances and PGNs, please refer to the CZone Configuration Tool Instruction manual. Supported PGNs are listed in section 8.5.

13. Press **OK** to return to the Advanced Settings window.

14. Check and adjust the DC settings.

15. Press **OK** to return to the Advanced Settings window

16. Select the required Alarm Severities.

17. Press **OK**.

Optionally configure digital switching by adding Circuit Controls in the Circuits tab (e.g. a battery low switch can be used to start a generator). Write the configuration to the network to use the new configuration.



For more information, please refer to the CZone® Configuration Tool Instruction manual. Also see section 5.2.4 for a description of the same settings in MasterAdjust.

6 OPERATION

6.1 Switching On / Charge only

The "On/Charge only"-switch on the bottom of the CombiMaster has two positions:

- On: Inverter and charger on (I)
- Charge only: Charger on, inverter off (O).

Note: When the "On/Charge only"-switch is in this position (O), it consumes 1mA DC power when not connected to AC. Switching off the inverter remotely, increases the DC power consumption. If it is necessary to put the CombiMaster out of operation, for winter storage for example, it is strongly recommended to switch the inverter off by the "On/Charge only"-switch.

6.2 Status LEDs

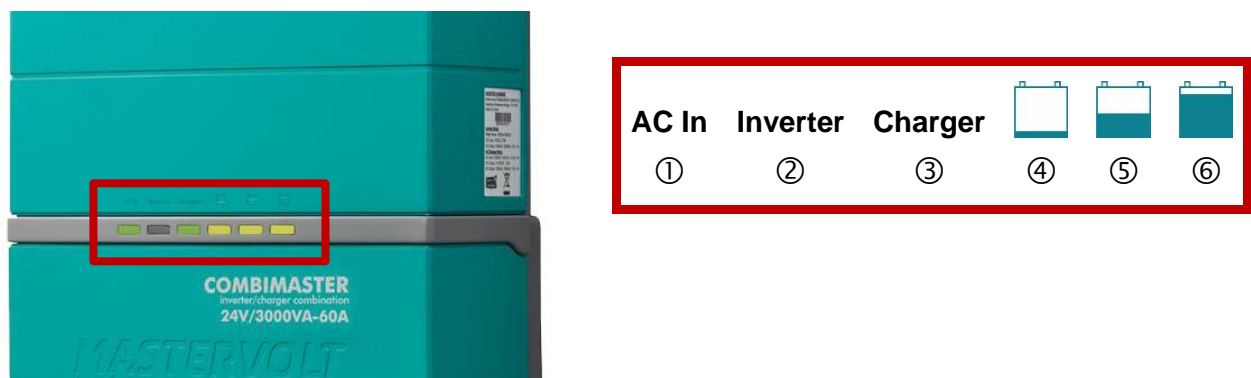


Figure 5: status LEDs

Off:

- ①: No AC input
- ②: Inverter off
- ③: Charger off

Green on:

- ①: AC input OK
- ②: Inverter on
- ③: Charger on
- ④: Charger in bulk phase
- ⑤: Charger in absorption phase
- ⑥: Charger in float phase
- ①+②: AC IN support mode

Green blinking:

- ②: Inverter Energy Save Mode active

Red on:

- ①: AC input out of range
- ④: battery voltage low warning/shutdown
- ⑥: battery voltage high causing shutdown

Red blinking:

- ②: AC output overload
- ②+③: Shutdown by any other error, including overtemperature of the CombiMaster
- ⑤: Battery temperature (sensor) error

Refer to the fault finding table on page 29 for possible causes of problems.

Note: If the battery (bank) voltage is below 12V, then the output power of the inverter is limited.

6.3 Remote control

The CombiMaster can also be monitored from a remote panel like the:

- SmartRemote or EasyView 5
- Touch 5, Touch 7 or Touch 10

Some advanced settings can only be adjusted from a laptop/notebook or PC connected to the CombiMaster via the Mastervolt USB Interface.

6.4 3-step+ charge process

Battery charging is accomplished in three automatic stages: BULK, ABSORPTION and FLOAT. The first step is the BULK phase, in which the output current of the charger is 100%, and the greater part of the capacity of the battery is rapidly charged. The current charges the batteries and gradually the voltage rises to the BULK voltage. The duration of this phase depends on the ratio of battery to charger capacity, and the battery state of charge.

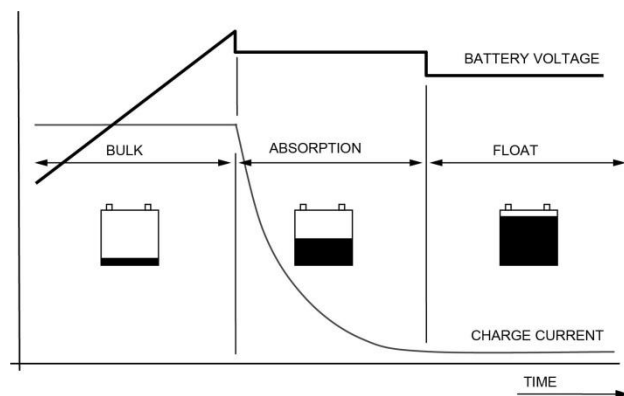


Figure 6: 3-step charge algorithm. See section 8.2 for detailed information.

The BULK phase is followed by the ABSORPTION phase. Absorption charging starts when the voltage on the batteries has reached the BULK voltage and ends when the battery is completely full. Battery voltage remains constant throughout this stage, and the charge current depends on the degree to which the battery was initially discharged, the battery type, the ambient temperature, etc. This stage lasts for 4 hours maximum. Once the battery is 100% full, the CombiMaster automatically switches over to the FLOAT phase.

Connected DC loads are powered directly by the charger. If the load exceeds the charger capacity, the required additional power comes from the battery, which will be progressively discharged until the charger automatically switches back to the bulk phase. Once consumption decreases, the charger goes back to normal operation of the 3-step+ charge system.

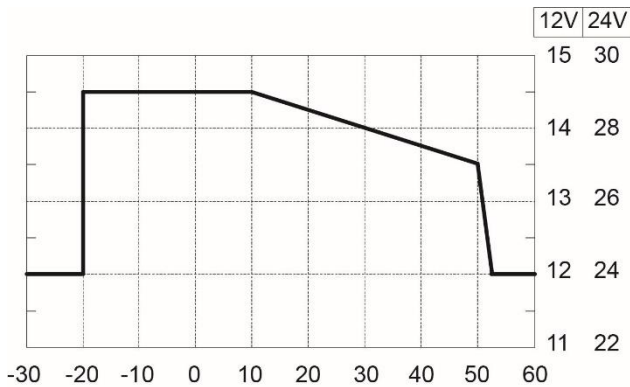
Connected to the CombiMaster, the batteries can be left unattended for weeks or months. One hour every 14 days the charger automatically switches to ABSORPTION to keep the battery running properly and prolong its life span. The 3-step+ charge system is also safe for all the connected equipment.



WARNING

The MLI charging voltages on this charger fit the Mastervolt Li-ion (MLI) batteries but do not necessarily fit other Li-ion batteries! Always follow the instructions provided by the battery manufacturer!

6.5 Temperature compensated charging



By installing the battery temperature sensor (for Lead Acid batteries only), the charge voltages are automatically adapted for deviating temperatures.

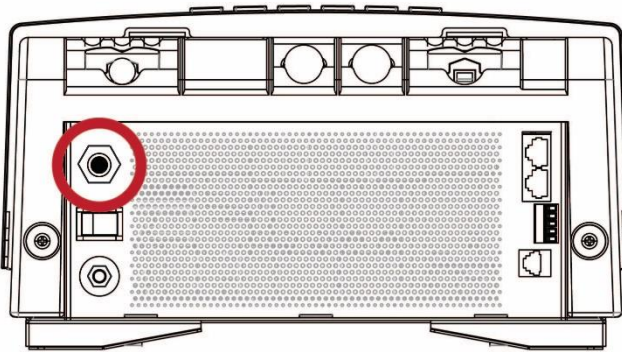
When the battery temperature is low, the charge voltage increases. On the other hand, when the battery temperature is high, the charge voltage is decreased. Overcharge and gassing are prevented this way. This will extend the life of your batteries.

Figure 7: Temperature compensated charging

6.6 Reset the thermal fuse after an overload

A 30A thermal fuse protects the transfer switch of the CombiMaster against overload. If the status LEDs indicate an overload, proceed as follows:

- Step 1. Turn AC power off.
- Step 2. Move the "On/Charge only"-switch of the CombiMaster to the "Charge only" position (●).
- Step 3. Disconnect the CombiMaster from any power source and disconnect all loads from the CombiMaster.
- Step 4. Investigate the cause of failure of the thermal fuse like overload or short-circuits.
- Step 5. Wait for at least two minutes and then reset the fuse by pushing the button at the bottom side of the CombiMaster.



- Step 6. Connect the CombiMaster to the power sources again.
- Step 7. Move the "On/Charge only"-switch of the CombiMaster to the On position (I).

6.7 Maintenance

No specific maintenance to the CombiMaster is required. Examine your electrical installation on a regular basis, at least once a year. Defects such as loose connections, damaged wiring etc. must be corrected immediately.

If necessary, use a soft, clean cloth to clean the CombiMaster. Do not use any liquids or corrosive substances, such as solvents, alcohol, petrol or abrasive components.

6.7.1 Decommissioning

If it is necessary to put the CombiMaster out of operation, follow the instructions in order of succession as described below:

Step 1. Turn AC power off.

Step 2. Remove the DC fuse(s) and disconnect the batteries.

Step 3. Remove the AC fuse(s) of the AC input and/or disconnect the AC IN.

Step 4. Open the connection compartment of the CombiMaster by loosening the two screws at the bottom and then lifting the front cover plate. The connectors for the battery, the AC and the remote panel are now visible.



WARNING!

Never remove the front panel while the CombiMaster is still connected to a power source!

Step 5. Check with a suitable voltage meter whether the inputs and the outputs of the CombiMaster are voltage free.

Step 6. Disconnect all the wiring.

Now the CombiMaster can be demounted in a safe way.

6.7.2 Storage and transportation

When not installed, store the CombiMaster in the original packing, in a dry and dust free environment.

7 TROUBLESHOOTING

If you cannot solve a problem using the fault finding table, contact your Mastervolt dealer. Make sure you have the part and serial number at hand.

Malfunction	Possible cause	What to do
No output voltage and/or current	No AC input	Check AC wiring, check remote control panel.
	AC input out of range	Check input voltage.
	AC input frequency out of range	Check input voltage.
	Thermal fuse has tripped	Check the load and reset the fuse (see section 6.6).
	Overheating error	Check whether the air flow of the CombiMaster is blocked or the ambient temperature is too high. Reduce the connected load and let the CombiMaster cool down.
	External breaker (RCD/GFCI) has tripped	Check the external breaker at the AC output (if applied).
	Inverter is off	Check the "On/Charge only"-switch or the remote setting of the Inverter button.
Output voltage too low, charger supplies maximum current	Load connected to the batteries is larger than charger can supply.	Reduce load taken from the batteries.
	Batteries not 100% charged	Measure battery voltage. After some time this will be higher.
	Wrong setting of the charge voltage	Check settings (see chapter 5).
Charge current too low	Batteries almost fully charged	Nothing, this is normal when the battery is almost fully charged.
	High ambient temperature	Nothing; if ambient temperature is more than the setting limit, the charge current is automatically reduced.
	Low AC input voltage. At lower AC input voltages the charge current is reduced.	Check AC input voltage.
Batteries not fully charged	Charge current too low	See "Charge current too low" in this table.
	Current to load is too high	Reduce load taken from the batteries.
	Charge time too short	Use a battery charger with higher capacity.
	Battery temperature too low	Use the battery temperature sensor.
	Defective or old battery	Check battery and replace if necessary.
	Wrong setting of the charge voltage	Check settings (see chapter 5).
Charge current and battery voltage too low	CombiMaster is in Flat battery mode	Nothing, this is normal when the voltage is below 9V/18V. Note: Prevent deep discharge of battery

Malfunction	Possible cause	What to do
Battery low causing CombiMaster shutdown	Discharged battery	Connect AC input to recharge battery Note: when charging an empty battery from a different power source, like an alternator, the CombiMaster must be reset manually by switching the "On/Charge only"-switch to Charge only and to On again.
Batteries are discharged too fast	Battery capacity reduced due to wastage or sulphation, stagnation	Charge and recharge a few times, this might help. Check battery and replace if necessary.
Batteries are too warm, gassing	Defective battery (short circuit in cell)	Check battery and replace if necessary.
	Battery temperature too high	Use the battery temperature sensor.
	Charge voltage too high	Check settings (see chapter 5).
No remote control display function.	Display is switched off.	Switch on display, refer to display manual.
	Error in the CZone/MasterBus wiring.	Check the CZone/MasterBus cables.
Slow or no remote control communication.	Error in the CZone/MasterBus wiring.	Check the CZone/MasterBus cables.
	No terminator placed at the ends of the CZone/MasterBus network.	Check if a terminator is placed on both ends of the network.
	CZone/MasterBus network is configured as a ring network.	Ring networks are not allowed. Check the connections of the network.

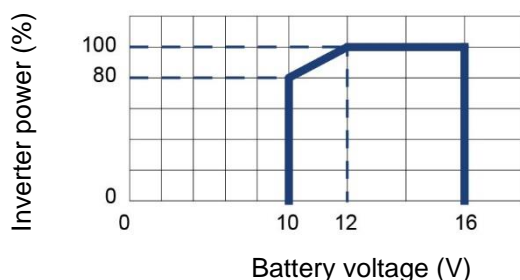
8 TECHNICAL DATA

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

8.1 Specifications inverter

Model	12V/2000VA-60A	24V/2000VA-40A	12V/3000VA-100A	24V/3000VA-60A
Part number/product code	35012000	35022000	35013000	35023000
Nominal battery voltage	12V	24V	12V	24V
Inverter output voltage	230V	230V	230V	230V
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Continuous power* @Tamb=40°C	2000VA 1600W	2000VA 1600W	3000VA 2600W	3000VA 2600W
Max. peak load (10sec)	150%	150%	150%	150%
Max. peak load (5sec)	200%	200%	200%	200%
Output waveform	pure sine	pure sine	pure sine	pure sine
Max. efficiency	93%	93%	93%	93%
DC input voltage range	10-16V	20-32V	10-16V	20-32V
Switch off voltage low battery	10.2V	20.4V	10.2V	20.4V
Switch on voltage low battery	10.5V	21.0V	10.5V	21.0V
Switch off voltage high battery	16.0V	32.0V	16.0V	32.0V
Switch on voltage high battery	15.0V	30.0V	15.0V	30.0V
Max. ripple on DC @ full load	15%	15%	15%	15%
Nominal DC current at full load	160A	100A	260A	130A
Recommended battery capacity	120 - 600	80 - 400	200 - 1000	120 - 600
No load DC power consumption				
Inverter off mode ("On/Charge only"-switch in position ○)	<1mA	<1mA	<1mA	<1mA
Energy saving mode	10W	10W	10W	10W
Normal operation mode	30W	30W	30W	30W

* Applies to an input voltage greater than or equal to 12V. If the battery (bank) voltage is below 12V, then the output power of the inverter is limited.



(for a 24 V system, multiply the voltages by two)

8.2 Specifications charger

Model	12V/2000VA-60A	24V/2000VA-40A	12V/3000VA-100A	24V/3000VA-60A
Input voltage range	90-280V; power derating below 170V (50% @ 90V, 100% >170V)			
Max AC input current	6A	8A	10A	12A
Max. charge current @Tamb=40°C	60A	40A	100A	60A
Battery temperature sense	Input present, sensor included			
Battery temperature compensation	-30mV per °C / -17mV per °F	-60mV per °C / -33mV per °F	-30mV per °C / -17mV per °F	-60mV per °C / -33mV per °F
Voltage sense	No			
Battery types	Flooded (default) / AGM / Gel / Li-Ion (MLI) / Constant voltage / User defined			
Charge characteristic	Mastervolt 3-step+, see the following table			
Flat battery charge	Yes, reduced (25%) charge current at low (<9V/<18V) battery voltage			

Note: the following charge specifications are based on Mastervolt batteries. Specifications for a given chemistry of a different manufacturer may vary. If connecting batteries of a different manufacturer, make sure the manufacturer's recommendations are met. Individual adjustments are possible if in the configuration the battery type "User defined" is selected. User defined batteries can only be configured through MasterAdjust or the CZone Configuration Tool.

Charging specifications				
Battery type	Flooded (default)	GEL	AGM	Li-Ion (MLI)
Bulk voltage*	14.40V [28.80V]	14.40V [28.80V]	14.40V [28.80V]	14.25/28.50 V
Max bulk time	480 min	480 min	480 min	480 min
Min bulk time	120 s	120 s	120 s	120 s
Start bulk time at*	13.25/26.50 V	13.25/26.50 V	13.25/26.50 V	13.25/26.50 V
Return to bulk voltage*	12.80/25.60 V	12.80/25.60 V	12.80/25.60 V	13.25/26.50 V
Bulk return time	30 s	30 s	30 s	240 s
Absorption voltage*	14.25/28.50 V	14.25/28.50 V	14.25/28.50 V	14.25/28.50 V
Max abs. time	240 min	240 min	240 min	240 min
Min abs. time	15 min	15 min	15 min	15 min
Return amps	6% I max	6% I max	6% I max	6% I max
Float voltage	13.25/26.50 V	13.80/27.60 V	13.80/27.60 V	13.50/27.00 V

* ± 1%

8.3 Specifications transfer system

Model	All models
AC input (switched)	25A
AC input fuse	Yes, by means of resettable thermal fuse
AC Output	Max connected continuous load: 40A*
Transfer speed	10ms for narrow input range, 20ms for wide range
Transfer voltage range	170-280V for narrow input range, 90-280V for wide range
Transfer frequency range	40-65Hz
Power sharing	Yes
AC IN support (also known as Power Assist)	Yes
Auto-synchronize with AC input	Yes

* Exceeding the max. allowable output current may damage the CombiMaster.

8.4 Miscellaneous

Model	All models
Protection degree	IP 23 vertical mounted, IP 21 horizontal mounted
Safety class	IEC protection class I
Grounding	Jumper-selectable wire bridge
Operating temperature	-25°C to 60°C, above 40°C derating
Storage temperature	-30 to 70°C
Relative humidity	Max 95% relative humidity, not condensing.
Standards, approvals & listings	CE, E-mark
Front panel display	Yes, LEDs show AC input state, Inverter state, charger state
Battery temperature sensor	Yes
Cooling	Maintenance free vario fans
Parallel stacking	No
3-phase configuration	No
MasterBus powering	Yes
Protections	
<i>AC input</i>	
AC IN limit	Adjustable
Frequency monitoring	Relay disconnects when frequency is out of range
Voltage monitoring	Relay disconnects when voltage is out of range
<i>Output</i>	
Short circuit protection	Yes (inverter only)
Overload protection	Yes (integrated resettable thermal fuse)
Over temperature protection	Yes
AC backfeed protection	Yes

8.5 CZone specifications

LEN (Load Equivalence Number): 0

PGN (Parameter Group Number):

PGN	Description	Fields
127503	AC Input Status	Voltage, Current, Frequency, Real Power
127504	AC Output Status	Voltage, Current, Frequency, Real Power
127507	Charger Status	Operating State, Charger Mode, Charge Enable/Disable
127508	Battery Status	Battery Voltage, Battery Current, Battery Case Temperature
127509	Inverter Status	Operating State, Inverter Enable/Disable

8.6 Dimensions

Model	12V/2000VA-60A	24V/2000VA-40A	12V/3000VA-100A	24V/3000VA-60A
Dimensions in mm	378x284x155	378x284x155	448x284x155	448x284x155
Weight in kg	6,9	6,9	9,3	9,3

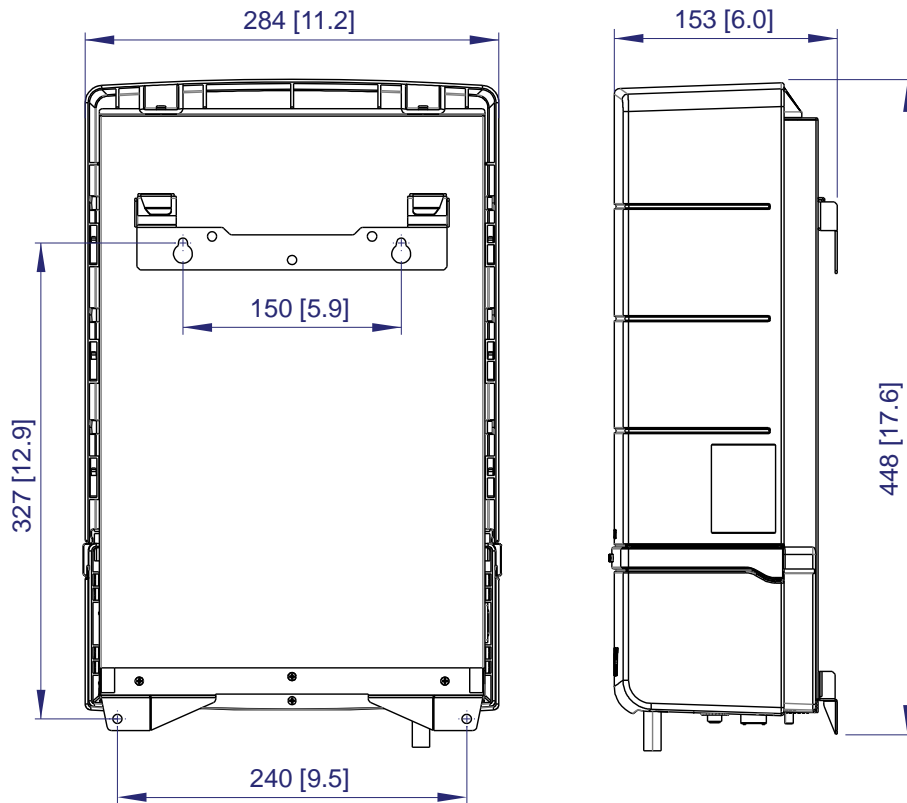


Figure 8: Dimensions 12V/3000VA-100A and 24V/3000VA-60A in mm [inches]

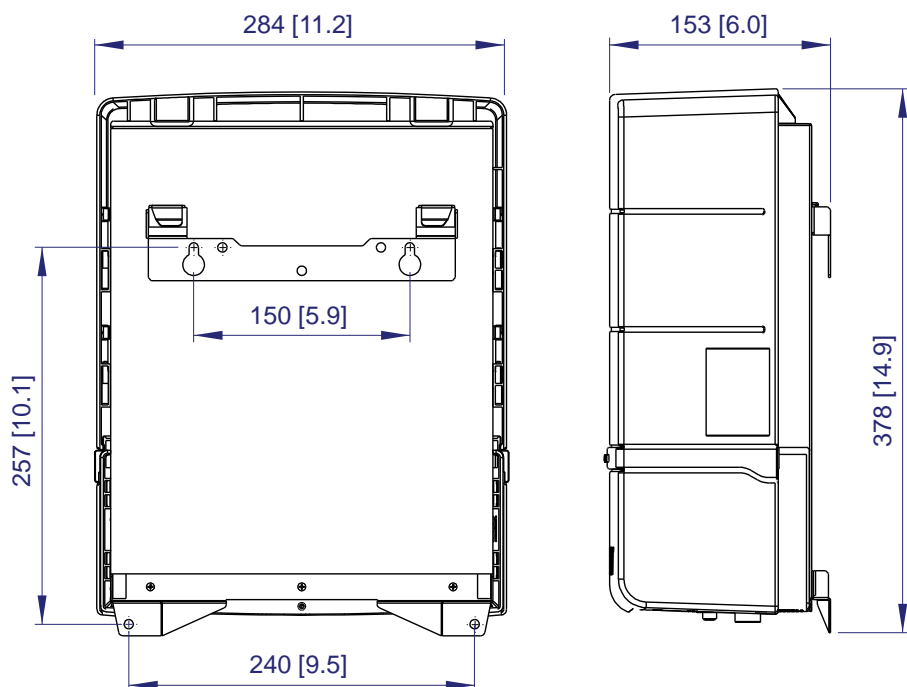


Figure 9: Dimensions 12V/2000VA-60A and 24V/2000VA-40A in mm [inches]



We welcome your feedback and suggestions! Send feedback on this document to info@mastervolt.com

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